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Fall October 3, 2016

Utah Women Stats Research Snapshot No. 1: Voting and Civic Engagement Among Utah Women

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Available at: https://works.bepress.com/susan_madsen/254/
Setting the Stage

Utah has a strong history of women’s political and civic involvement. The state was an early leader in giving women the vote, was home to the first female state senator in the nation, and, as recently as 1996, had the strongest women’s voter participation in the United States. However, these factors do not give the full picture, and in 2015 the Institute for Women’s Policy Research ranked Utah dead last in the area of political participation. Much of this ranking was due to the lack of women running for and serving in public office, which we will address in a future Research & Policy Brief, but Utah women’s voter ranking and some aspects of civic involvement also have room for improvement.

This research snapshot focuses on three key areas:
1) Utah women’s voting participation rates and national ranking when it comes to voter turnout,
2) Utah women’s policy priorities, compared with those of Utah men and women nationwide, and
3) Utah women’s levels of civic and community engagement, focusing on volunteer work but also exploring other ways Utah women are involved in their communities.

Women Voters in Utah

In Utah, although women’s voter registration and turnout rates are slightly higher than those of Utah men, they are currently lower than women’s rates in the nation as a whole. In the most recent presidential election year (2012), voter turnout among all women in Utah (not just eligible voters) was approximately 54%, compared to 58.5% for women nationally.

Utah women have not always lagged in voter turnout. In the late 20th century, for three consecutive presidential elections (1988, 1992, and 1996), 76% of eligible women in Utah voted. At that point, Utah had the highest women’s turnout of any state in the U.S., where the national average for women voters was 63.8%. The following presidential election year, 2000, only 59.3% of eligible Utah women voted, a big drop from 1996 but still above the national average for women, which was 56.2% that year. In 2012, only 57.1% of eligible Utah women voted, compared to the national percentage, 63.7%. That year, Utah women’s voting participation ranking dropped to 46 of 51 states (including Washington, D.C.) for registered women voters nationally. In the 16 years from 1996 to 2012, Utah’s ranking for the percentage of women voting dropped 45 spots. This drastic decline was highlighted in a 2015 ranking of Utah women’s political participation, wherein Utah was ranked 43 of 50 states for the percentage of women registered to vote, and 46 out of 50 for women who actually voted.

Voter turnout nationally is highest in presidential years (e.g., the elections highlighted above), and Utah voters, like all Americans, cast ballots in much smaller numbers during midterm elections. Utah’s decreased voter turnout is perhaps even more pronounced because Utah is one of only nine states that elects its governor during presidential election years. This decline holds for women, and in 2014, for example, only eight states had a lower turnout among their women voters than Utah. Three of those states also choose their governors during presidential election years. Only 37.6% of Utah’s eligible women voters came to the polls in 2014, versus 43% of women nationally. Over the past 30 years, Utah women’s voting participation has been steadily decreasing, and their ranking versus women nationally is also on the decline.

Utah Women’s Policy Priorities

According to a 2016 survey by the Utah Foundation, women in Utah are most concerned about social issues such as homelessness, poverty, crime, and the environment. Specifically, the top ten policy issues for Utah women voters are as follows:
1) K-12 education
2) Healthcare
3) Air quality
4) State taxes and government spending
5) Crime
6) Homelessness and poverty
7) Water supply and quality
8) Jobs and the economy

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Civic Engagement

Utah women are heavily involved in volunteer work; Utah ranks first in the U.S. (by a large margin) for percentage of residents who regularly volunteer. While we were unable to locate data that specifically reports on Utah women’s volunteering, we know that across the nation, women’s volunteer rates are 6% percentage points higher than men’s (27.8% vs. 21.8%).

While specific data for Utah women’s volunteer rates (as distinct from all Utahans) is unavailable, volunteer rates for all residents of Utah are highest in the nation, at 46% (this is almost 10% higher than the second-ranked state). According to the Corporation for National and Community Service, Utah volunteers give 91.7 hours of their time annually per capita. The report states that a large majority of Utahans’ volunteer service is given through religious organization (64.5%), followed by education (14.2%) and social service (8.5%) organizations. However, this high number for “religious” service does not necessarily mean that all the service given is religious in nature. Some of the main volunteer activities in which Utahans participate are teaching/tutoring (43.1%), mentoring youth (30.6%), collecting and distributing food (20.0%), and general labor (18.7%).

Finally, in addition to their volunteering efforts, women in Utah are well-represented on non-profit boards (holding 45.8% of available seats), but less so on government boards and commissions (where the rate is around 30%; see 2016 Research & Policy brief for more details).

Conclusion

Finding ways to increase Utah women’s voter participation and civic engagement will strengthen the positive impact of women in communities and the state as a whole. The following list provides additional resources or information on this topic:

- Utah Women & Leadership Project Reports
- Utah Women’s Networks and Groups
- YWCA Utah


Acknowledgement: This snapshot is possible through the generous donations of the LDS Foundation, Rich & Leann Crandall, and the Woodbury School of Business at Utah Valley University.