San Marcos University was founded in May 12, 1551 by Charles V, Holy Roman Emperor, which makes it the oldest university in the Americas. The Royal and Pontifical University of Mexico was chartered in the same year but few months later [September 21, 1551] making it the second oldest in the Americas. The university was originally headed by members of the clergy. Now it is a state university, free for students who are chosen after an examination. The university has about 35000 students today [2014].

The original faculties were Theology, Arts and Law; Jurisprudence, and Medicine were added later in the colonial period. The Faculty of Natural Sciences and the Faculty of Economics and Commerce were created in the mid-19th century. The Faculty of Science was subdivided by specialties in the 20th century. The Faculty of Theology was closed in 1935.
Honorary Professorship in 2012

Prof. Carlos Francisco Cabrera Carranza, Director of Graduate School

Prof. Carlos Francisco Cabrera Carranza, Director of Graduate School

Visiting San Marcos laboratories, 2012
Dr. Fathi Habashi

Saludos de estima felicitándolo por su dedicación al campo de la Metalurgia a Nivel Mundial a lo largo de muchos años, en ese sentido estamos tramitando a nivel de la Universidad la distinción de Profesor Honorario de la Universidad Nacional Mayor de San Marcos - Lima - Perú, siendo el sentir de muchos profesionales que nos formamos con sus libros, publicaciones, papers, entre otros documentos. Estaremos comunicando oficialmente el documento de la distinción con Resolución Rectoral.

Agradeciend el apoyo a la presente le reitero mis saludos

Atentamente,

[Signature]

Florentino Lovera Dávila, MSc
Presidente del Consejo de Gestión de la Investigación
Vicerrectorado de Investigación
UNMSM
Lima Perú

Teléfono: 051-6197000 - 7007 - 7496
Celular: 51-999275349
Honorary doctorate

Invitation to the honorary doctorate ceremony

The old building of San Marcos where ceremonies take place
Inside the old building of San Marcos University, 2014

Resolución Reccordial N° 63284-R-13
Lima, 06 de diciembre del 2013

CONSIDERANDO:
Que la distinción de Doctor Honoris Causa es tradicionalmente conferida por la Universidad Nacional Mayor de San Marcos a los intelectuales, científicos, religiosos, artistas y personalidades que han contribuido significativamente a la paz, el bienestar y el desarrollo de la humanidad.

Que el Dr. FATHI HABASHI, posee el Grado de Licenciado en Ingeniería Química de la Universidad de El Cairo, el Grado de Doctor en Tecnología de Química Inorgánica en la Universidad de Tecnología de Viena y ha sido merecedor de la distinción de Doctor de Honoris Causa del Instituto de Minas en Saint Petersburg, Rusia y Profesor Emérito en la Universidad de Laval – Ciudad de Quebec, Canadá, entre otros.

Que asimismo ha obtenido la beca del Gobierno Canadiense en la nación de Minas en Ottawa, y se ha desempeñado como profesor en la Escuela de Minas de Montana donde trabajó en el Departamento de Investigación de Minerales Extractivos de la Compañía Aracena, en Tucson, Arizona.

Que el Dr. FATHI HABASHI, es autor de varios libros y su investigación está dirigida principalmente hacia la organización de las operaciones unitarias en Minerales Extractivos y poner en una perspectiva histórica.

Que el Consejo de la Facultad de Ingeniería Geológica, Minera, Metalúrgica y Geográfica, en sesión de fecha 24 de septiembre del 2013, acordó proponerse se le otorgue la distinción de Doctor Honoris Causa al Dr. FATHI HABASHI, decisión que se explica con Resolución de la institución N° 4737/FGMNG-D/R-13 del 25 de septiembre del 2013.

Que la Comisión Permanente de Investigación, Asuntos Académicos, Grados, Títulos y Revalidas del Consejo Universitario mediante Oficio N° 877-CP/LAUGT/UG-CU-UNAMSUS/13 y el Vicerrectorado Académico en Provisión tía de fecha 25 de octubre del 2013, recomiendan el otorgamiento de la distinción indicado y.

Esta a lo acordado por el Consejo Universitario en su sesión de fecha 06 de noviembre del 2013, a los arribaciones conferidos al señor Rector por la Ley Universitaria N° 23733, el Estatuto de la Universidad Nacional Mayor de San Marcos y sus modificatorios.

SE RESUELVE:
1° Conferir la distinción de DOCTOR HONORIS CAUSA al Dr. FATHI HABASHI, en mérito a los aportes a la investigación de la Metalurgia Extractiva.
Act of honorary doctorate from San Marcos University
National Superior University of San Marcos

Lima 5 December 2013

As seen, the report in the registry of Mesa Partes General N° 07157-FIGMGG-13 of the Faculty of Geological, Mineral, Metallurgical and Geographical Engineering, concerning granting the distinction of Doctor Honoris Causa.

Considering:
That the distinction of Doctor Honoris Causa is traditionally conferred by the National Superior University of San Marcos to intellectuals, scientists, religious leaders, artists and other personalities who have significantly contributed to peace, well being and the development of humanity.

That Dr. FATHI HABASII, has a Bachelor Degree in Chemical Engineering from Cairo University, a Doctorate Degree in the Technologies of Inorganic Chemistry from the Technological University in Vienna and he has earned the distinction of Doctor Honoris Causa from the Mine Institute in Saint Petersburg, Russia and Professor Emeritus from Laval University in Québec City Canada, among others.

That he obtained as well a scholarship from the Canadian government in the mining branch in Ottawa, and he was professor in the school of Mines in Montana in the Department of Extractive Metallurgy Research for the Anaconda company in Tucson Arizona.

That Dr. FATHI HABASII, is the author of several books and that his research was primarily directed at the organisation of unitary operations in Extractive Metallurgy and placing it in a historical perspective.

That the Council of the faculty of Geological, Mineral, Metallurgical and Geographical engineering during a session on 24 September 2013 decided to suggest conferring the distinction of Doctor Honoris Causa to Dr. FATHI HABASII; A decision that can be explained by resolution N°473/FIGMGG-D/13 on 25 September 2013;

That the Permanent Commission of Research, academic subjects, Degrees, titles and Confirmations by the University Counsel because of function N° 671-CMAAGTR-CU-UNMS/13 and the Academic vice-president on 25 October 2013, recommended conferring the above-mentioned distinction; and,
The University Council having decided in its session of 6 November 2013, to the attributions given to the president for the University law No. 23733 and the statute of the San Marcos University and its modifiers:

We Decided:

1° Conferring the distinction of Doctor Honoris Causa to Dr. FATHI HABASHI, for his valuable contributions in Extractive Metallurgy research

2° Granting Dr. FATHI HABASHI the Diploma and the insignia that will permanently confirm him as Doctor Honoris causa of San Marcos University.

Please register, communicate, publicize and file for president Pedro Atleo, general secretary Jose Segundo Nina Montero, for it to be known and for other ends.

Attentively

Beatriz Naja
Administrative Secretary

English translation of act of honorary doctorate from San Marcos University

Secretary General reading the act of honorary doctorate, 2014
Rector Pedro Cotillo Zegarra presenting the document of honorary doctorate

Doctorate honoris causa, 2014

Left to right: Dean of Engineering Dr. Carlos Francisco Cabrera, Fathi Habashi, Rector Pedro Cotillo Zegarra, Secretary General Beatriz Naja

Certificate of the Honorary Doctorate
Speech of acceptance of honorary doctorate

Magnificence Rector of San Marcos University
His Excellency Secretary of the University
His Excellency Dean of Engineering
Friends and colleagues
Ladies and gentlemen

I am very grateful for bestowing me with the honorary doctorate from your university. It is a great honour for me. I wish I can say this in Spanish but I know Arabic my mother tongue, English, French, and German and it is difficult to learn another language in old age. San Marcos University is one of the oldest universities in South America. It is of special interest to me that your university is named after the evangelist who brought Christianity to my home country Egypt in the year 40 AD.

Few years after the foundation of your university, the first Roman Catholic priest François de Laval (1623-1708) was sent from France to New France by King Louis XIV. Once in Quebec after his two months trip from April 13 to June 16, 1659, he excommunicated all who sold alcohol to the natives. His second goal was to train and teach its future leaders of the Church in Quebec. On March 26, 1663, the Grand Séminaire was opened in Quebec to train missionary priests which was affiliated with the Séminaire des Missions Étrangères in Paris.

The conflict between England and France in the 18th century resulted in the conquest of New France in 1759 and it became part of the British Empire. The Séminaire de Québec was granted a Royal Charter on December 8, 1852, by Queen Victoria to become Laval University. Four faculties were founded: Theology, Law, Medicine, and Arts. The Faculty of Arts was divided later into School of Chemistry and School of Letters. The School of Chemistry became in 1937 Faculty of Science from which the School of Mines was formed a year later. The Metallurgy Department was founded in 1938.

I joined the University in 1970 and taught extractive metallurgy. Before Laval I taught at Montana School of Mines in USA where my first graduate student was from Peru - - he was on a Fulbright scholarship. Your country is rich in mineral resources. Historically, in the time of New Spain, Peru supplied mercury to amalgamate silver used to make coins. Without mercury no silver coins would be produced. At that time mercury had the importance of petroleum today.

I am sure that good relations will be established between our universities and I look forward to welcome you in Quebec City to show you around our university and our city. I thank you again.

Video of the ceremony is available at: http://youtu.be/oHTyU-qHvA8

Reception after ceremony
La figura en recursos materiales que permita el acceso a la información esencial para el desarrollo de sus funciones, es el objeto de este trabajo. El análisis de la información y la selección de los temas más relevantes son elementos imprescindibles para su correcta gestión.

En este sentido, la figura del informe de actas de reuniones se encuentra en la línea de la evolución de la información en términos de su accesibilidad y utilidad para el usuario final. La figura del informe de actas de reuniones permite una rápida consulta y revisión de los eventos que se han tenido lugar en las reuniones.

La figuración en recursos materiales que permita el acceso a la información esencial para el desarrollo de sus funciones, es el objeto de este trabajo.
With students in June 2014