Research Tools: Supporting Research and Publication

Nader Ale Ebrahim
Research Tools: Supporting Research and Publication

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www.researcherid.com/rid/C-2414-2009
http://scholar.google.com/citations

17th May 2016
Introduction to the “Research Tools”: Supporting Research and Publication

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www.researcherid.com/rid/C-2414-2009
http://scholar.google.com/citations

Abstract:

With the increasing use of information and communications technology (ICT), researchers are able to use computer software tools to find, organize, manipulate, analyze, and share relevant information. However, there are hundreds of such tools to select from, for various research-related uses. I have collected over 700 research tools that can help researchers do their work efficiently. Research Tools consists of a hierarchical set of nodes. It has four main nodes: (1) Searching the literature, (2) Writing a paper, (3) Targeting suitable journals, and (4) Enhancing visibility and impact. In this presentation, the four main nodes are described.

Keywords:
H-index, Improve citations, Research tools, Bibliometrics, Literature review, Research visibility
Problem statements

The search can be time consuming and sometimes tedious task. How can make it easier? How do deal with situations such as:

- “I just join as a new postgraduate student and I am not sure how to do a literature search”
- “I have been in research for some time now but I spend a lot of time to get the articles I want”
- “I am sure I have downloaded the article but I am not able to find it”
- “I wanted to write a new paper, how can I manage the references in the shortest possible time?”
- “I have many references, some of my old papers, and some of my current research. Sometimes, they are so many that I can’t recall where I have kept them in my folders!”
- ........
- “I have written an article and I am not able to find a proper Journal”
- "I want to increase the citation of my papers, how do I do?"
Objectives

The seminar seeks to serve the following objectives:

i. To help students who seek to reduce the search time by expanding the knowledge of researchers to more effectively use the "tools" that are available through the Net.

ii. To evaluate the types of literature that researchers will encounter.

iii. To convert the information of the search for a written document.

iv. To help researchers learn how to search and analyze the right journal to submit.

v. To promote their publication for further citation.
Outline

1. Introduce “Research Tools” Mind Map
2. Developing a search strategy, Finding keyword
3. Finding proper articles,
4. Evaluate a paper/journal quality
5. To do an effective literature search
6. Keeping up-to-date (Alert system), Indexing desktop search tool
7. The paraphrasing & editing tool, Avoid plagiarism
8. Organize the references (Reference management) tool
9. Target suitable journal
10. Promote your publication to get more citation
11. Q&A

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RESEARCHERS NEED TOOLS THAT SEE THE WAY THEY SEE
What is the Altmetric donut?
What is the average number of references for writing an article or review paper in “Economics”?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Aggregate Source Data</th>
<th>Article</th>
<th>Citable Items</th>
<th>Combine</th>
<th>Other</th>
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<td>Number in JCR Year 2014 (A)</td>
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<td>Number of References (B)</td>
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<td>12,010</td>
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<td>8,620</td>
</tr>
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<td>Ratio (B/A)</td>
<td>40.5</td>
<td>69.8</td>
<td>40.7</td>
<td>1.4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**AGGREGATE SOURCE DATA**

Aggregate Source Data is included as a table, counting the number of citable items, and yielding a ratio to the number of references to each type of citable item included in that JCR Year.
Exercise

• Make a sentence including: 
  “the aim of study”

• Find a recent English thesis about:
  “Virtual Teams”
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Background and Aims</th>
<th>The aim of study</th>
<th>was determination of the effect of...</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>postmortem macropathologic changes.</td>
<td>The aim of study</td>
<td>is to analyze the pathological data...</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(NAC) are controversial.</td>
<td>The aim of study</td>
<td>is to compare histological grade and...</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Federation Objectives and study:</td>
<td>the aim of study</td>
<td>was to compare the efficacy and...</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Introduction and objectives:</td>
<td>The aim of study</td>
<td>was to evaluate the incidence of...</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Istanbul, Turkey Objectives:</td>
<td>The aim of study</td>
<td>was to evaluate the effect of acid...</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>has been considered as a futile (1).</td>
<td>The aim of study</td>
<td>was obtaining information concerning...</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medical Academy Summary (4 lines):</td>
<td>The aim of study</td>
<td>is to estimate diagnostic values of...</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>medicine, RAKUS, Riga, Latvia</td>
<td>The aim of study</td>
<td>was to compare the effectiveness of...</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Recent English thesis about: "Virtual Teams"

Open Access Theses and Dissertations

Search keywords from titles, author names, abstracts, subjects...

Sorted by: relevance · author · university · date | New search

You searched for: title:(virtual AND team) AND language:(en OR eng OR english) AND pub_year:[2010-01-01 TO 2019-01-01]

Showing records 1 - 30 of 50 total matches.

1. Halonen, Marko. Identification with virtual teams.
   URL: https://aalto-doc.aalto.fi/handle/123456789/4756
   Virtual teams, that is groups of people striving toward a common goal, dispersed across many locations, and communicating with each other predominantly via information and... (more)
   Subjects/Keywords: Psychology; Work; virtual teams; social identification; perceived justice

2. Creutz, Martin. Virtual Teams.
   Degree: 2011, Jönköping University.
   URL: http://urn.kb.se/resolve?urn=urn:nbn:se:diva-16286
   Subjects/Keywords: Natural Sciences; Computer and Information Science; Human Computer Interaction; Naturvetenskap; Datormedier och informationsvetenskap; Människa-datorinteraktion (interaktionsdesign); teknik; Technology; IT; Informatic; ITM, Informatics

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Research Tools Mind Map

- Links
- h-index
- Survey
- Virtual Teams will become as important as
- (1) Searching the literature
- (2) Writing a paper
- (3) Targeting suitable journals
- (4) Enhancing visibility and impact

Research Tools
By: Nader Ale Ebrahim
Developing a search strategy,
Finding keyword
Keywords and Keywords Plus®

Authors sometimes provide a list of keywords or terms that they feel best represent the content of their paper. These keywords are contained in the ISI record (1991 data forward, depending on the database) for each article and are searchable. In addition, ISI generates KeyWords Plus for many articles. KeyWords Plus are words or phrases that frequently appear in the titles of an article's references, but do not necessarily appear in the title of the article itself. KeyWords Plus may be present for articles that have no author keywords, or may include important terms not listed among the title, abstract, or author keywords.

Source: http://wos.isitrial.com/help/helpdefs.html
Citation Report

Topic="(virtual Teams)"
Timespan=All Years. Databases=SCI-EXPANDED, SSCI, A&HCI, CPCI-S, CPCI-SSH.

This report reflects citations to source items indexed within Web of Science. Perform a Cited Reference Search to include citations to items not indexed within Web of Science.

Published Items in Each Year

Citations in Each Year

Results: 741

Sum of the Times Cited: 7561
Sum of Times Cited without self-citations: 4771
Citing Articles: 3928
Citations per Item: 10.20
h-index: 42
Finding proper articles & Evaluate a paper/journal quality & To do an effective literature search
Research Quality Measures

Three key measures of research impact are:

1. **Quality of the journal** – journal rankings, impact factors
2. **Quality of the publication/article** = times cited as found in tools like Web of Science, Scopus and Google Scholar
3. **Personal or departmental measure** = $h$-index

Critically Analyzing Information Sources

1- Initial Appraisal:

- Author
- Date of Publication
- Edition or Revision
- Publisher
- Title of Journal (Distinguishing Scholarly Journals from other Periodicals)

2- Content Analysis:

- Intended Audience
- Objective Reasoning
- Coverage
- Writing Style
- Evaluative Reviews
Another guide to paper/journal quality is the general reputation of the association, society, or organization publishing the journal.

Leading professional associations such as American Psychological Association (APA) or the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (IEEE) publish a range of journals that are highly regarded.
For More Info.

How to do an Effective Literature Search?

Application Training Module Series I
by Customer Education Team

ts.training.asia@thomson.com
Keeping up-to-date (Alert system) & Indexing desktop search tool
Alert services are an effective means of keeping track of the latest research.
Keeping up-to-date

Create a Google Alert

• Enter the topic you wish to monitor.
• Search terms:
• Type:
• How often:
• Email length:
• Your email:
Keeping up-to-date

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Scopus Citation Tracker
Conference Alerts

AllConferencealerts.com - Conference call for research papers

IEEE Conference Alerts ©2016-2017 Nader Ale Ebrahim
dtSearch

Google Desktop

Windows Search
stances and offers related research propositions. The paper also discusses the role of the Internet in new product performance. Finally, the paper concludes with managerial and research implications.

1. New product development process and the role of the Internet

Past research has consistently shown that a high-quality new product development process is one of the most critical success factors in new product development [8,10–12]. As a result, it has offered numerous processes that firms can use when developing their new products. Cooper [13] defines a new product development process as a formal blueprint, roadmap, template or thought process for driving a new product project from the idea to market launch and beyond. The process involves predetermined set of stages and each stage consists of a set of prescribed, cross-functional and parallel activities. Each stage is preceded by a gate, controlling the flow of the process and providing a decision checkpoint in the process. Because of the stages and the with the first and second-generation processes, the third-generation process emphasizes efficiency and effectiveness in the new product development process through four fundamental areas. First, it is fluid, which means that there are overlaps in stages for greater speed. Second, it involves fuzzy gates, reducing the rigidity of criteria used in the gates and allowing conditional or situational considerations of the activities. Third, it is more focused in terms of prioritizing projects. Finally, it is flexible, suggesting that each new product is unique and has its own unique development process [13].

There are also compelling issues that indicate that new product development process may not be uniform across firms and products. Takeuchi and Nanoka [14] argue that today’s rapidly changing and competitive market conditions require firms to adopt a flexible and fast new product development process and that a holistic “rugby” style new product development might be needed to respond to the conditions. With this approach, new product teams move through all phases of the development together, passing the ball back and forth as they develop new products. Based on a case study, the authors concluded that it is possible to
The paraphrasing & editing tool, & Avoid plagiarism
Paraphrasing
WhiteSmoke Writer
Ginger Proofreader
Microsoft Word
Google Docs
Office Live
Adobe Acrobat Professional
DropBox
A small number of studies exclusively focused on the virtual R&D teams, for example [21-24] and none of them concentrated on the virtual R&D teams for NPD in SMEs. This paper summary the key findings of earlier works on different aspects of virtual R&D teams in SMEs and establishes it rationale in new product development (NPD). It highlights the gaps and weaknesses in the existing literature on virtual teams in R&D management and in new product development in SMEs. Finally, it identifies the future development in SMEs.

2-Review search methodology

Collaborative R&D activities involving SMEs has wide coverage. It applies to various activities ranging from information exchange to new products development. This review article is based on dependable and reputed publications. It mainly covers aspects like SMEs characteristics, scope of virtual R&D teams and their relationship in new product development (NPD). The articles are...
We report the relevant result of an online survey study.

Abstract—In this paper, we present our more than two years research experiences on virtual R&D teams in small and medium-sized enterprises (SMEs) and draws conclusions, giving special attention to the structure of virtual teams required to support education-industry collaboration. We report the relevant result of an online survey study. The online questionnaire was emailed by using the simple random sampling method to 947 manufacturing SMEs. The findings of this study show that SMEs in Malaysia and Iran are willing to use virtual teams for collaboration and the platform for industry-education collaboration is ready and distance between team members or differences in time zones, are not barriers to industry-education collaborations.
How do I avoid plagiarism?

• only hand in your own and original work.
• indicate precisely and accurately when you have used information provided by someone else, i.e. referencing must be done in accordance with a recognised system.
• indicate whether you have downloaded information from the Internet.
• never use someone else’s electronic storage media, artwork, pictures or graphics as if it were your own.
• never copy directly without crediting the source
• do not translate without crediting the source
• do not paraphrase someone else’s work without crediting the source
• do not piece together sections of the work of others into a new whole
• do not resubmit your own or other’s previously graded work
• do not commit collusion (unauthorised collaboration, presenting work as one’s own independent work, when it has been produced in whole or in part in collusion with other people)
• ghost-writing – you should not make use of ghost writers or professional agencies in the production of your work or submit material which has been written on your behalf
10 Major source of plagiarism

1. **Replication**: Submitting a paper to multiple publications in an attempt to get it published more than once
2. **Duplication**: Re-using work from one’s own previous studies and papers without attribution
3. **Secondary Source**: Using a secondary source, but only citing the primary sources contained within the secondary one
4. **Misleading Attribution**: Removing an author’s name, despite significant contributions; an inaccurate or insufficient list of authors who contributed to a manuscript
5. **Invalid Source**: Referencing either an incorrect or nonexistent source
6. **Paraphrasing**: Taking the words of another and using them alongside original text without attribution
7. **Repetitive Research**: Repeating data or text from a similar study with a similar methodology in a new study without proper attribution
8. **Unethical Collaboration**: Accidentally or intentionally use each other’s written work without proper attribution; when people who are working together violate a code of conduct
9. **Verbatim**: copying of another’s words and works without providing proper attribution, indentation or quotation marks
10. **Complete**: Taking a manuscript from another researcher and resubmitting it under one’s own name

Source: iThenticate (2013) SURVEY SUMMARY | Research Ethics: Decoding Plagiarism and Attribution in Research

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Outside of academia the problem of plagiarism continues to generate headlines and scandals for politicians. In Germany, two prominent cabinet members have been forced to step down due to allegations of plagiarism in their doctoral dissertations. Meanwhile, in Canada, the head of the nation’s largest school district was forced to resign in the face of plagiarism allegations, and plagiarism scandals have also embroiled a senator in the Philippines, the prime minister of Romania, and several members of the Russian Duma.

Penalty for Plagiarism

Retraction: Retraction notice

It has been brought to the attention of the PLOS ONE editors that substantial parts of the text in this article were appropriated from text in the following publications:


PLOS ONE therefore retracts this article due to the identified case of plagiarism. PLOS ONE apologizes to the authors of the publications above and to the readers. (comment on this retraction)


Bahram Mostafazadeh and Kobra Pouramini

Iran: Chabahar Research Organization, Islamic Azad University, Sabzevar, Iran. R. Iran

Eight nano-baskets of calix[4]arene-1, 2-crown-3, 4-crown-4, 6-crown-6 were synthesized and their binding abilities towards alkali and alkali-earth metals as well as some lanthanoids were studied using differential pulse voltammetry. The novelty of this study was the modification of calix[4]arene-1, 2-crown-3, 4-crown-4, 6-crown-6 with a salt bridge towards a conducting polymer. The results revealed that by modifying the salt-bridging ability of the parent electrochemical behaviors of two sodium species with the sodium cation the adsorption peak of carboxylic acids was decreased. Moreover, the
An overview of recently published medical papers in Brazilian scientific journals

Mauricio Rocha e Silva and Ariane Gomes

Abstract
The COSMO-RS method is an advanced method for the quantitative calculation of solvation mixture thermodynamics based on quantum chemistry. It was developed by Andreas Klamt and is distributed as the software COSMOTHERM by his company COSMOlogic (as well as in the form of several remakes by others).

Some Nigerian researchers have used the software (without a license) and report a tremendously and completely unbelievably good correlation ($r^2=0.992$) between the predicted results and experimental data for the logKow (octanol water partition coefficient) of ionic liquids.

Organize the references (Reference management) tool
EndNote

• *EndNote* is an almost indispensible tool for the serious researcher. And best of all, its free to all UM postgraduates!
Target suitable journal
Where should I submit my publication?

Springer Journal Selector Beta

Journal Selector

Journal Selector is the industry's leading database to all of the best peer-reviewed biomedical journals.

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<th>Journals</th>
<th>Recommended: 5</th>
<th>Match</th>
<th>Impact Factor</th>
<th>Publishing Model</th>
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<td>Group Decision and Negotiation</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1.01</td>
<td>Hybrid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J. Intelligent Manufacturing</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>0.85</td>
<td>Hybrid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>J. Business and Psychology</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1.25</td>
<td>Hybrid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Information Systems Frontiers</td>
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<td></td>
<td>0.91</td>
<td>Hybrid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Implementation Science</td>
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<td></td>
<td>3.1</td>
<td>Full OA</td>
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<tr>
<td>Computer Supported Cooperative Work (CSCW)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1.07</td>
<td>Hybrid</td>
</tr>
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<td>Research in Engineering Design</td>
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</table>
Perfect Match: EndNote’s latest feature matches article drafts with publications
Perfect Match: EndNote’s latest feature matches article drafts with publications

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<table>
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<tr>
<th>Match Score</th>
<th>JCR Impact Factor</th>
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<th>Similar Articles</th>
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<td>1.338</td>
<td>1.436</td>
<td>RESEARCH EVALUATION</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.88</td>
<td>3.660</td>
<td>JOURNAL OF INFORMETRICS</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Top Keyword Rankings:
- citations
- papers
- highly cited
- publications

Publisher:
GREAT CLARENDON ST, OXFORD OX2 6DP, ENGLAND
ISSN: 0959-6259
eISSN: 1471-1449

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Promote your publication
Strategies for Enhancing the Impact of Research

Improving access and retrieval of your research study is the surest way to enhance its impact. Repetition, consistency, and an awareness of the intended audience form the basis of most the following strategies.

Preparing for Publication
Dissemination
Keeping Track of Your Research

Source: Washington University School of Medicine, St. Louis Missouri
Select a proper title

As an author, you can dramatically improve the chances of your article being downloaded once it’s online, before you even submit it!
There are three easy steps you can take to ensure it enjoys high usage:

Choose a descriptive title
Use appropriate keywords
Write an informative abstract

Source: http://www.emeraldinsight.com/authors/guides/promote/optimize1.htm
Optimize Title/Abstract

Step 1: Construct a clear, descriptive title
In search engine terms, the title of your article is the most interesting element. The search engine assumes that the title contains all of the important words that define the topic of the piece and thus weights words appearing there most heavily.

Step 2: Reiterate key phrases
The next most important field is the text of the abstract itself. You should reiterate the key words or phrases from the title within the abstract itself.

Source: http://authorservices.wiley.com/bauthor/seo.asp

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False Remembering in the Aged

Researchers studying human memory have increasingly focused on memory accuracy in aging populations. In this article we briefly review the literature on memory accuracy in healthy older adults. The prevailing evidence indicates that, compared to younger adults, older adults exhibit both diminished memory accuracy and greater susceptibility to misinformation. In addition, older adults demonstrate high levels of confidence in their false memories. We suggest an explanatory framework for the high level of false memories observed in older adults, a framework based on the theory that consciously controlled uses of memory decline with age, making older adults more susceptible to false memories that rely on automatic processes. We also point to future research that may remedy such deficits in accuracy.

This article appears on the first page of results in Google for false+memory+aged.

Source: http://authorservices.wiley.com/bauthor/seo.asp

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False Remembering in the Senior Population

Researchers studying human memory have increasingly focused on its accuracy in senior populations. In this article we briefly review the literature on such accuracy in healthy older adults. The prevailing evidence indicates that, compared to younger adults, older adults exhibit both diminished accuracy and greater susceptibility to misinformation. In addition, older adults demonstrate high levels of confidence in their false memories. We suggest an explanatory framework for the high levels observed in older adults, a framework based on the theory that consciously controlled uses of memory decline in later life, making older adults more susceptible to false memories that rely on automatic processes. We also point to future research that may remedy such deficits in accuracy.

Source: http://authorervices.wiley.com/bauthor/seo.asp
Compare Keywords
“Senior Population” with “Aged”
Compare Keywords "Senior Population" with "Aged"
Titles: be simple and specific

- Use active rather than passive verbs.
- Avoid words that don’t add to the story such as: “on this”, “study”, and “investigation”.
- Be specific in delivering your message:
- Not every reader may know what Akt and Foxo1 are, but the title is declarative and specific. “But don’t be too specific”.
- When possible, avoid acronyms and other jargon, which renders the title opaque to readers not already conversant in the field.
- Avoid question marks: titles should present outcomes, without teasing the reader.
- Focus on what is novel in the work.
- Avoid complex, compound nouns. For example, the term “excess water-weight remover”.

Source: http://blogs.nature.com/naturejobs/2015/07/10/publishing-high-impact-papers-natures-way

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Select/Make a brand name

- Make a unique phrase that reflects author's research interest and use it throughout academic life.
- Add the name of study in the title of all publications and use the same title/name consistently.

Write a review paper

Source: Scopus

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To be the best, cite the best

Citation analysis picks out new truth in Newton's aphorism that science 'stands on the shoulders of giants'.

The mass of medium-level research is less important for inspiring influential breakthroughs than the most highly-cited papers, a citation study argues.


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Co-authorship internationally

• Citation analysis shows that papers with international co-authors are cited up to **four times** more often than those without international co-authors.

Source: [http://www.bath.ac.uk/library/services/eprints/improve-citations.pdf](http://www.bath.ac.uk/library/services/eprints/improve-citations.pdf)
Publish your work in a journal with the highest number of indexing

1. ABI/INFORM
3. Australian Business Deans' Council (ABDC) Journal Quality List
4. Australian Research Council ERA Ranked Journal List
5. Compendex
6. Computer Abstracts International Database
7. Current Contents / Engineering, Computing & Technology
8. Current Contents / Social & Behavioural Sciences
9. Emerald Management Reviews (EMR)
10. INSPEC Abstracts
11. International Abstracts in Operations Research
12. OR/MS Index and Annual Comprehensive Index
13. Science Citation Index
14. Social Science Citation Index
15. SCOPUS
16. Zentralblatt MATH

• Source: Journal of the Operational Research Society

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One key request of researchers across the world is unrestricted access to research publications. Open access gives a worldwide audience larger than that of any subscription-based journal and thus increases the visibility and impact of published works. It also enhances indexing, retrieval power and eliminates the need for permissions to reproduce and distribute content.
The most effective strategy to increase citation rates is publishing in a journal with higher impact factor (Vanclay 2013).

Dhawan and Gupta (2005) studied 1101 papers and found that articles published in high impact factor journals increase the probability of getting cited.

Self-archive articles

- Free online availability increases a paper's impact (Lawrence 2001);
- Freely accessible articles increase citations by 50% or more (Harnad 2006).
- Gargouri et al. (2010) have made a strong and a declarative link between self-archiving and increased citation performance.


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Join academic social networking

- Increasing the availability of articles through social networking sites broadens dissemination, increases use, and enhances professional visibility.
- Academica is an online social reference tool that allows reference sharing among academics and researchers. Alternatively, researchers may use Citeulike to share their interests in research publications (Wong 2008). Academica, Citeulike, ResearchGate and Linkedin are just a few examples of knowledge sharing tools to make others aware of research articles that may be of relevance to authors and hence get cited.

• Use blogs and podcasts to leverage ongoing researcher discussion on the Internet (Taylor & Francis Group 2012a).
• Web 2.0 tools such as wikis and blogs can be created to inform, describe and link people’s research interests and publications (Wong 2008).

New Article Acceptance: Multiagent Systems as a Team Member

I have received notice that my article titled *Multiagent Systems as a Team Member* will be published by Common Ground Publishing in their journal: *The International Journal of Technology, Knowledge, and Society*. The web page for the journal follows: [http://ijt.cgpublisher.com](http://ijt.cgpublisher.com)

No date as to when the article will be published but it should be this fall. Listed below is the abstract for the journal article to give those interested an indication of what the article is about.

**Abstract**

With the increasing complex business environment that organizations have to operate in today, teams are being utilized to complete complex tasks. Teams are becoming the norm as complex tasks cannot be handled by one person. The success of teams is highly dependent on the capabilities of the members. In team settings, it is important to evaluate the capabilities of team members in order to assign roles so that the overall team can succeed.
Why should you share links to your published work online?

According to Dr Melissa Terras from the University College London Centre for Digital Humanities, “If you tell people about your research, they look at it. Your research will get looked at more than papers which are not promoted via social media” (2012).
Use all “Enhancing Visibility and Impact” tools

Virtual Teams will become as important as

(1) Searching the literature

(2) Writing a paper

(3) Targeting suitable journals

(4) Enhancing visibility and impact

Links

h-index

Survey

Keeping up-to-date Alert services

Download

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My recent publications

Qualitative and quantitative analysis of solar hydrogen generation literature from 2001 to 2014

Mohammad Reza Maghami, Shahin Nazydi, Mohammad esmaeli Rezadad, Nader Ale Elshahari, Chandra Gomes

ICAPA

A Comprehensive Comparison of Educational Growth within Four Different Developing Countries between 1990 and 2012

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Questions?

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