What national security policy should follow Mexico as a strategy for combating illegal drugs traffic.

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National Policy and Strategy Forward against Illicit Traffic in Narcotics in Mexico.

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Increase cooperation and effective enforcement to combat drug production and trafficking.

Reference to criminal organizations and emerging threats with a focus on intelligence and a methodology that prioritizes criminal networks and markets that represent the most serious threats in progress, and the nature of emerging threats (such as new drugs, new routes and methods of traffic, new manufacturing methods).

Police Operations Multidisciplinary involving PGR, PFP, SSP, Army and Navy, as well as customs and immigration. Through initiatives of bilateral and multilateral cooperation, as Joint Investigation Teams and Joint Customs Operations.

Forming a Review Committee to improve the quality of intelligence provided by the various security institutions and related projects, and to assess the quantity and quality of data received.

Provide relevant training Advanced Security Forces, Customs officers and staff through the national police training colleges, with curricular value, developed for the enforcement of drugs, AWP, the forensic profiling in relationship with law enforcement drug synthetic drugs and other drugs.

Increase effective judicial cooperation in the field of counter-narcotics and law enforcement regarding the production, trafficking of drugs and/or precursors and money laundering related to trafficking. To establish, where necessary, regional security platforms.

The full utilization of existing instruments on mutual assistance requests in criminal matters of arrest warrants, and sanctions imposed by the courts, by establishing minimum requirements of the constituent elements of the acts and penalties falling within the scope of the review of drug trafficking.

Customs and Immigration to integrate the control of precursor chemicals at the strategic level, improving the effectiveness of border control management and to coordinate more closely with other ministries involved in combating drug production and trafficking of chemical precursors, control, detection, seizure. Development of profiles for the determination of chemical precursors.
International cooperation: better coordination of Mexico in international fora on drugs, such as the UN Commission on Narcotic Drugs (CND). Improve the effectiveness of cooperation with third countries and international organizations in the field of drugs through closer coordination. Development of the security agenda on the basis of strategic planning and coordination among all stakeholders.

INFORMATION, RESEARCH AND EVALUATION

Identify future research priorities of illicit drugs and the mechanisms needed to generate new knowledge about it.

Develop new approaches and technologies. Exchange of data needed for monitoring and evaluation purposes.

Carry out a scientific study to evaluate the use of the Internet as a tool in relation to illicit drugs.

Develop key indicators for the collection of relevant data for policy on drug offenses, illegal crops, drug markets and develop a strategy for collection.