

FOLLOW THE LEADER — MORE THAN A KIDS' GAME

Michelle Armstrong Albertsons Library – Boise State



MY PERSONAL DISCLAIMER

WHAT IS "FOLLOWERSHIP"?

- Actions taken by an individual under the authority of another
- Leadership depends on followership
- Followership is an essential component when explaining organizational outcomes
- Followership behaviors can be modified



WHY IS THIS TOPIC IMPORTANT?



OUR FOCUS TENDS TO BE ON LEADERS.

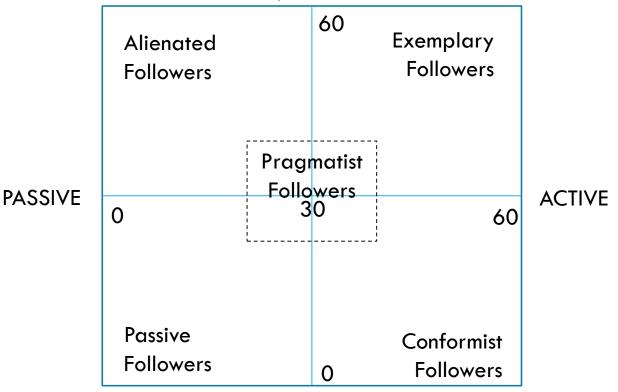


POOR EMPLOYEE-SUPERVISOR RELATIONSHIPS CAN MAKE PEOPLE STRESSED, CONFUSED, AND MISERABLE

WHAT KIND OF A FOLLOWER ARE YOU?

LET'S CHECK OUR RESULTS?

INDEPENDENT, CRITICAL THINKING



DEPENDENT, UNCRITICAL THINKING

5 Followership Styles

PASSIVE

Low Independent Thinking Low Active

Engagement

ALIENATED

High
Independent
Thinking
Low Active
Engagement

CONFORMIST

Low Independent Thinking High Active Engagement

PRAGMATIST

Middling
Independent
Thinking
Middling
Active
Engagement

EXEMPLARY

High Independent Thinking High Active Engagement



STRATEGIES FOR DEVELOPING YOUR FOLLOWERSHIP SKILLS

PASSIVE

WHO THEY ARE:

- Tend to be the smallest group of followers
- Often lack initiative and a sense of responsibility
- Behavior usually isn't due to laziness or incompetence
- Tend to be individuals who haven't developed their follower skills

STRATEGIES:

Learn followership skills (communication, interest in the organization, adding value, etc.) – More to come!

ALIENATED

WHO ARE THEY:

- They think for themselves, but have a lot of negative energy
- Often started as Exemplary followers, but trust was broken
- Can undermine leaders efforts through their pessimism

STRATEGIES:

- Focus on building trust (reliable, open, competent, compassionate)
- Resolve specific issues
- Reclaim your dreams What's your why?
- Get a fresh start

CONFORMIST

WHO ARE THEY:

- Sometimes conforming can be easier and is often reinforced
- Conflict and taking unpopular stands are stressful and often avoided
- May compromise or overlook your needs

STRATEGIES:

- Acknowledge that you are already a committed follower
- Evaluate other's ideas and generate your own
- Study the conflicts that your avoiding
- Understand your strengths and find a style that works for you

PRAGMATIST

WHO ARE THEY:

- Sitting on the fence and see which way the wind blows before getting on board.
- May know how to work the system to get things done
- * May be perceived as selfish, mediocre enthusiasm, or bureaucratic

STRATEGIES

- Find a goal that sparks your passion
- Build your reputation and restore people's trust in you Ex. Help others accomplish their goals

EXEMPLARY

WHO ARE THEY:

- Independent and critical thinking different from the group or boss
- Contributes regardless of the situation

STRATEGIES:

- ❖ Have focus and commitment to something − Ex. cause, organization, mission
- ❖ Practice self-reflection Ex. journaling, autoethnography
- * Master the job particularly at critical points to the work Ex. customer service
- Have a good work ethic (build trust)
- Communicate well, especially when there are problems
- Care about your organization
- Learn about your supervisor's leadership and management style
- Increase your value to the organization

OK, FINE. MY BOSS STILL SUCKS.

HERE'S THE THING:

- These practices still apply even with "bad bosses".
- Being an Exemplary Follower protects you from any kind of blowback.
- No body does a better job when they are being abused.
- Try taking a pause when dealing with difficult situations.
- Figure out the line between disagreements vs. malfeasance.

IF IT IS MALFEASANCE:

BE SMART ABOUT ILLEGAL, DANGEROUS, AND **DISCRIMINATORY** SITUATIONS.



THANK YOU!

Michelle Armstrong

michellearmstrong 1 @boisestate.edu

Slides are available at:

https://works.bepress.com/michelle_armstrong/