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From the SelectedWorks of Laura Quilter

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Intellectual Property Cheat Sheet

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Intellectual Property Cheat Sheet

| | Patent | Trade Secret | Copyright | Trademark | Statutory Sui Generis | Personality Rights |
|-----------------------------|--|--|---|---|---|--|
| Easy examples | A better mousetrap | Coca-Cola formula | The Da Vinci Code "Gangnam Style" | NBC peacock logo & tune | chip masks, boat hulls, design patents | Celebrity endorsements of a product |
| Hard examples | Software algorithms, biotech | Useful medicine? | | Washington Redskins | | |
| Policy & economic rationale | Encourage inventors to disclose rather than keep secrets, so that invention will move into the economy & eventually be able to be improved | Allow people to make arrangements (contracts) & trust each other that they will be enforced | Encourage creation of literary, artistic, musical, etc., works | Allow consumers to identify & trust in the source of goods & services | Various industry supports | Allow people to use & protect their own fame & reputations, as a type of trademark |
| Source of law | US Constitution, Art. 1, s.8, cl.8 | State & federal statutes (Commerce Clause); common law | US Constitution, Art. 1, s.8, cl.8 | State & federal statutes (Commerce Clause); common law | | |
| What it covers | Inventions, "reduced to practice" that are useful, nonobvious, within appropriate subject matter | Any secret information formulas, compilations of information (such as customer lists), processes, etc. | "original expression" "works of authorship" within appropriate subject matter | Anything that can serve as a source indicator for a service or good logo, slogan; scent, color, tune | chip masks; boat hulls; other things in other countries (databases; folklore; etc); geographical indicators; design patents ("industrial designs") | right of publicity; moral rights; etc. |
| What it does NOT cover | Ideas for great inventions (perpetual motion machines) Products of nature | Things which you voluntarily disclose; information harmful to public policy | Ideas; formulas, methods; facts | Will not cover what patent or copyright already covers | | |
| How long it lasts | 20 years | until secret is lost | until 70 years after author is dead | as long as it is used in commerce & serves as a brand identifier | | |

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|---|--|--|--|--|---------------|--------------------|
| | | | | | Generis | |
| How do you lose it? | Expiration of statutory term Patent misuse License it away, give it away, employment agreements | Secret is lost; against public policy to enforce it | Expiration of term License it away, give it away, employment agreements (works made for hire) | No longer using it in commerce; No longer used by consumers as source identifier; Genericide; Immoral for registration, but can still be used | | |
| Rights | Stop others from using, reproducing, distributing, or even making their own | Stop others from acquiring; in practice, from using or sharing | Reproduction, distribution, derivative works | Stop competitors from using | | |
| Defenses | Patent misuse, personal invention, noninfringing, patent wasn't valid to begin with patent exhaustion (first sale) | Separate invention, no violation of agreements or other misappropriation | fair use first sale (exhaustion) statutory limitations & exceptions no substantial similarity; original creation; public domain | Not a valid trademark no consumer confusion | | |
| How do you get it | FIRST TO FILE a detailed public disclosure File application w/ PTO | Maintain with secrecy & agreements | "fix" original expression in a tangible medium but register with Copyright Office to be able to sue | use it in commerce but register it with PTO or state trademark offices to gain certain advantages | | |
| Can two people have it? | No! first to file gets it | If two people separately create it, or if a second person comes across it without wrongdoing | If two people separately create it | If they are in different fields so there is no consumer confusion | | |
| Problems & issues & hot topics & reforms proposed | software patents products of nature (mathematical algorithms, biotech) patent trolls patent inspectors Federal Circuit first to invent or first to file? | How broadly to protect? | Length of term; "paracopyright" (anticircumvention); statutory damages; fair use | Trademark "dilution" "trademark fair use" appropriating language border of (copyright) and (trademark) | | |